All Those Kids - The Basics

Qualifying Child Rules for Tax Year 2018

	<u>AGE</u>	RELATIONSHIP	RESIDENCY	<u>SUPPORT</u>			
DEPENDENT Credit - \$500	taxpayer and under 19 at end of year (under age 24 if a full time student); No age restrictions if	stepchild, adopted child, foster child, sibling, step sibling, or descendents of any of these. Must NOT be eligible for the	Child must have lived with the taxpayer (unless the exception for div/sep parents is used) for more than half the tax year. Some temporary absences count as time lived at home.	Child did not provide over 1/2 of his/her own support.			
HOUSEHOLD TaxPayer Not Married	taxpayer and under 19 at end of year (under age 24 if a full time	stepchild, adopted child, foster child, sibling, step sibling, or	Child must have lived with the taxpayer for more than half the tax year. Some temporary absences count as time lived at home	Child did not provide over 1/2 of his/her own support. (Taxpayer must provide over half the cost of maintaining the household.)			
HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD TaxPayer Married,but	, ,	stepchild, adopted child, or foster	Child must have lived with the taxpayer for more than half the tax year. Some temporary absences count as time lived at home.	Child did not provide over 1/2 of his/her own support. (Taxpayer must provide over half the cost of maintaining the household.)			
TAX CREDIT		stepchild, adopted child, foster child, sibling, step sibling, or descendents of any of these.	Child must have lived in U.S. with the taxpayer for more than half the tax year. Some temporary absences count as time lived at home.	No support test. (Married child cannot provide over 1/2 of his/her own support.)			
	Child must be under age 17 at the end of the year. (No exception for disabled children.)	stepchild, adopted child, foster child, sibling, step sibling, or descendents of any of these.	Child must have lived in U.S. with the taxpayer for more than half the tax year. Some temp absences count as time lived at home (unless the exception for div/sep parents is used).	Child did not provide over 1/2 of his/her own support. Child must be claimed as the taxpayer's dependent.			
	Child must be under age 13 or disabled at the time of the child care.	stepchild, adopted child, foster child, sibling, step sibling, or	Child must have lived with the taxpayer for more than half the tax year. Some temporary absences count as time lived at home	Child did not provide over 1/2 of his/her own support.			
Warning! This chart is just a summary. Please refer to Publication 17, VITA reference guide 4012, or other resource material!							

All Those Kids - the Fine Print

Qualifying Child Rules for Tax Year 2018

	Taxpayer (s) must have SSN (not ITINs)	child must have SSN (not ITIN)	Citizenship	joint return test applies	exception for div/sep. parents can be used	Qualifying Relative can be used to get this benefit	disabled child can be any age	special form?
DEPENDENT	no	no	Yes, or resident of US, Canada, or Mexico	yes	yes	yes (qualifying relative - including unrelated persons who lived with TP all year)		Must be shown on Form 1040
HEAD OF HOUSE-HOLD Taxpayer Not Married	no	no	Yes, or resident of US, Canada, or Mexico	yes	no Child must live with the taxpayer	yes (most other dependents who are related)		No, but if child isn't a dependent, must be shown on Form 1040
HEAD OF HOUSE-HOLD TaxpPayer Married	no	no	Yes, or resident of US, Canada, or Mexico	yes	no Child must live with the taxpayer	No		No, but if child isn't a dependent, must be shown on Form 1040
EITC	yes	yes	Yes, or legal resident of US	yes	no Child must live with the taxpayer	no (but can be claimed with no Qualifying Child with very low income)	yes	Schedule EIC, Form 8862 if EITC previously disallowed
CHILD TAX CREDIT	no	YES	Yes, or resident of US for more than 6 months	yes	yes	no	no	child must be claimed as your dependent
CHILD CARE CREDIT	no	no	Yes, or resident of US, Canada, or Mexico	N/A	no Child must live with the taxpayer	yes (certain disabled dependents)	yes	Form 2441

Not Just For Kids

Qualifying "Relative" Rules

	Qualifying Child Restriction	RELATIONSHIP	RESIDENCY	SUPPORT	INCOME
	QR cannot be a qualifying child of another taxpayer who has a filing requirement or who claims EITC	ascendent, niece/nephew or in- law, Or QR lived with the	If the QR is related to the taxpayer as described, there is no residency test. If the QR is not related, the QR must have lived with the taxpayer all year.	The Taxpayer provided over 1/2 of the QR's financial support. Exception: multiple support agreement.	QR had income less than \$4150
Taxpayer Not	QR cannot be a qualifying child of another taxpayer who has a filing requirement or who claims EITC	QR is a decendent, sibling, ascendent, niece/nephew or inlaw.	Itest for a narent of the	The Taxpayer provided over 1/2 of the QR's financial support. The taxpayer must have paid more than 1/2 the cost of maintaining the home.	QR had income less than \$4150
EARNED INCOME TAX CREDIT	Qaulifying Relative rules NEVER apply to EITC	, ,	Qaulifying Relative rules NEVER apply to EITC	Qaulifying Relative rules NEVER apply to EITC	Qaulifying Relative rules NEVER apply to EITC
CHILD TAX CREDIT	Qaulifying Relative rules NEVER apply to CTC	• •	Qaulifying Relative rules NEVER apply to CTC	Qaulifying Relative rules NEVER apply to CTC	Qaulifying Relative rules NEVER apply to CTC
CARE CREDIT	QR cannot be the qualifying child of another taxpayer who has a filing requirement or who claims EITC	QR is a decendent, sibling, ascendent, niece/nephew or in- law, Or QR lived with the	QR must have lived with the taxpayer for more than half the tax year. Some temporary absences count as time lived at home	The Taxpayer provided over 1/2 of the QR's financial support.	There is no income test.

Warning! This chart is just a summary. Please refer to Publication 17, VITA reference guide 4012, or other resource material!